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| Total Population (Households)  | Sample Size |  | Trigger for blanket distribution [[1]](#footnote-1) |
| 100 | **50** |  | **40** |
| 300 | **68** |  | **54** |
| 500 | **72** |  | **57** |
| 700 | **75** |  | **60** |
| 1 000 | **77** |  | **61** |
| 1 500 | **78** |  | **62** |
| 2 000 | **80** |  | **64** |
| 5 000 | **81** |  | **64** |
| 10 000 | **82** |  | **65** |

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**Example**: for a total population of 495 households, you need to identify 72 respondent HHs spread across the area of focus (not all in the same location), preferably ensuring that communities with different needs, as a result of their differing locations (e.g. next to a river or market), are included.

* If you cannot find 72 respondents for any reason, you prepare a new registration list.
* If more than 80% (or 57 HHs of the 72 HHs visited) have need for an item, you proceed with a blanket distribution of the specific items.
* If less than 57 HHs interviewed have a need for items, you proceed with a targeted distribution according to precise criteria (vulnerability, proven needs .etc.)

For multiple items survey (plastic sheets, cooking sets etc.) each item will be separately reported using a percentage.

*Plastic sheets: 23 HHs don’t have, 59 HHs have.*

*23/72 is signifying that only 32% of the total population do not have plastic*

*sheets.*

* ***Targeted distribution***

*Cooking sets: 60 HHs do not have, 12 HHs have.*

*60/72 is signifying that 83% of the total population do not have cooking sets.*

* ***Blanket distribution***
1. Blanket distribution: distribution to everyone on the prepared list. [↑](#footnote-ref-1)