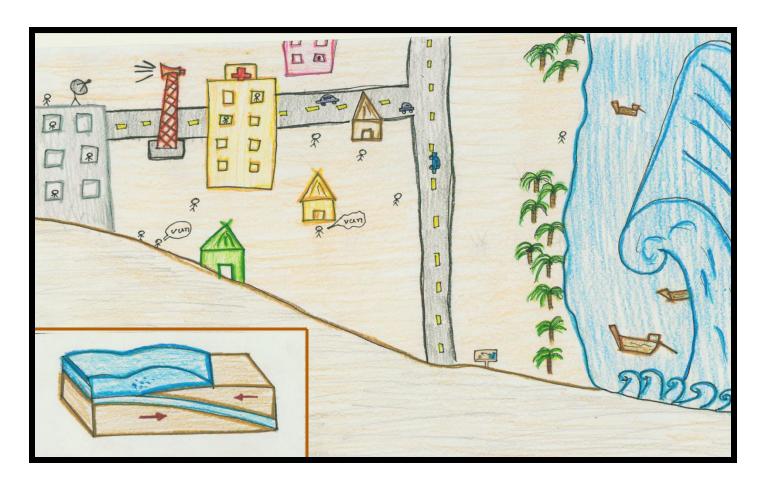
TSUNAMI PREPAREDNESS



A GUIDE BY AND FOR CHILDREN

Produced by



Rebuilding Schools and the Lives of Children After Natural Disasters www.happyheartsfund.org

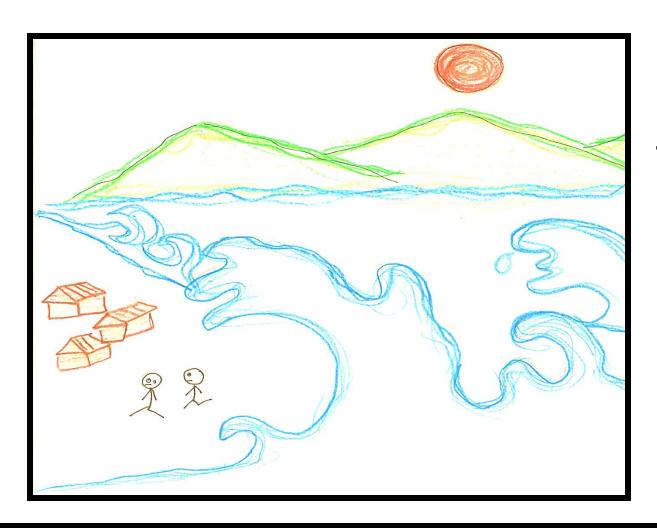
and the children and teachers of

Chao Thai Mai School
Thai Muang, Phang nga, Thailand; and

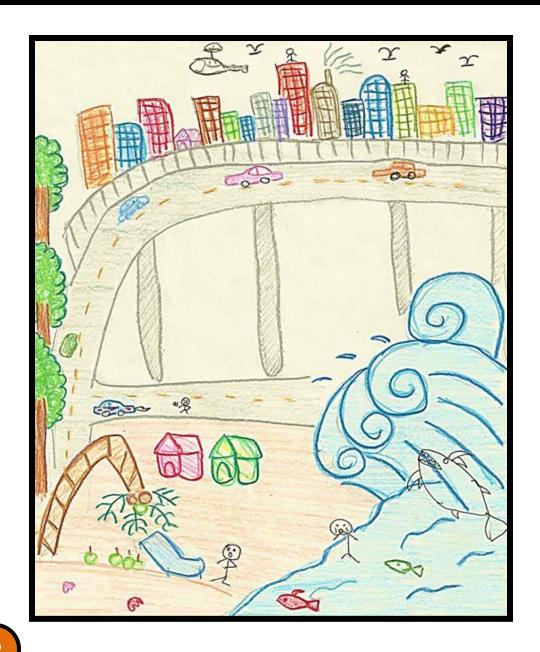
Wat Pattikaram School
Thai Muang, Phang nga, Thailand

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WHAT ARE TSUNAMIS?

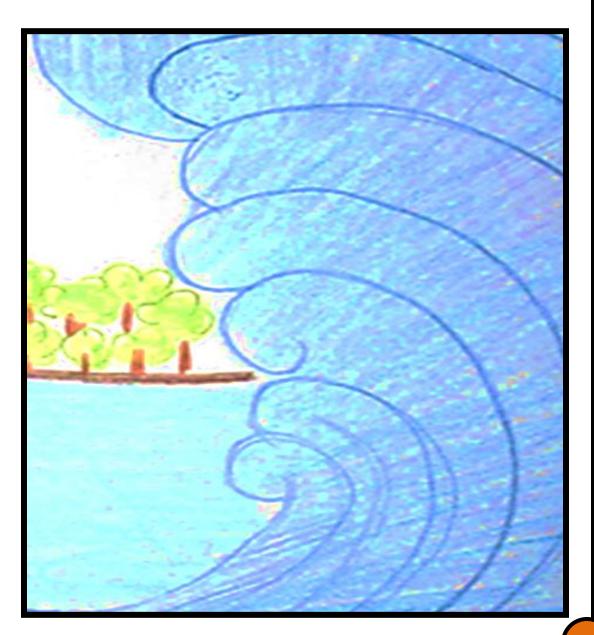


Tsunamis are extremely large, broad,

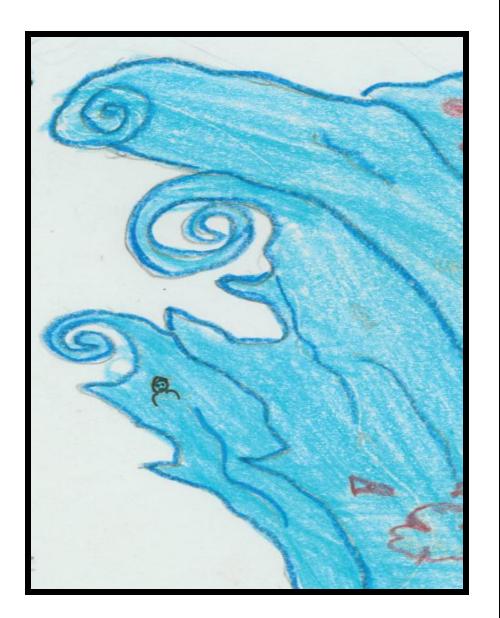


dangerous,

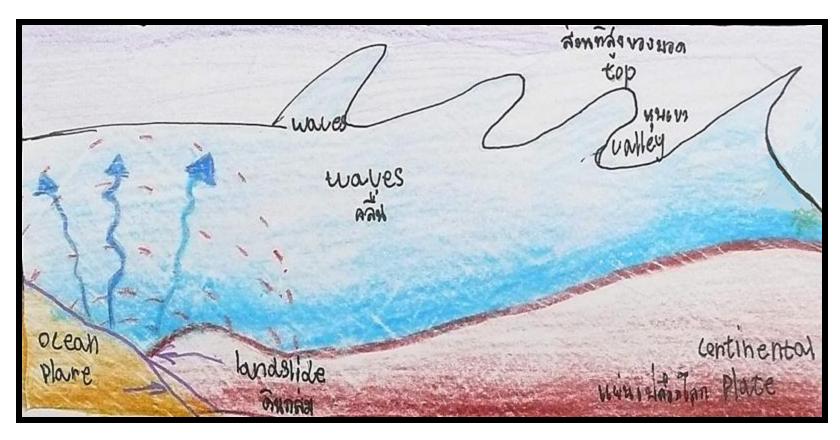
and powerful waves



that
can
cause
great
destruction.

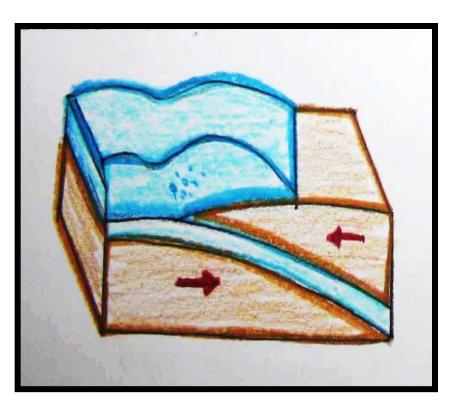


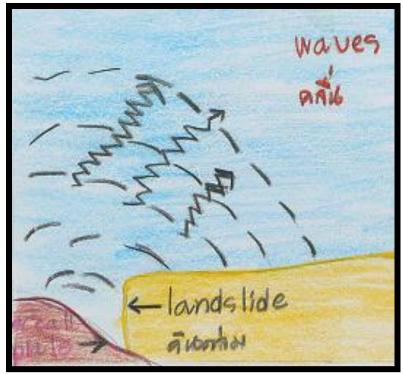
WHAT CAUSES TSUNAMIS?



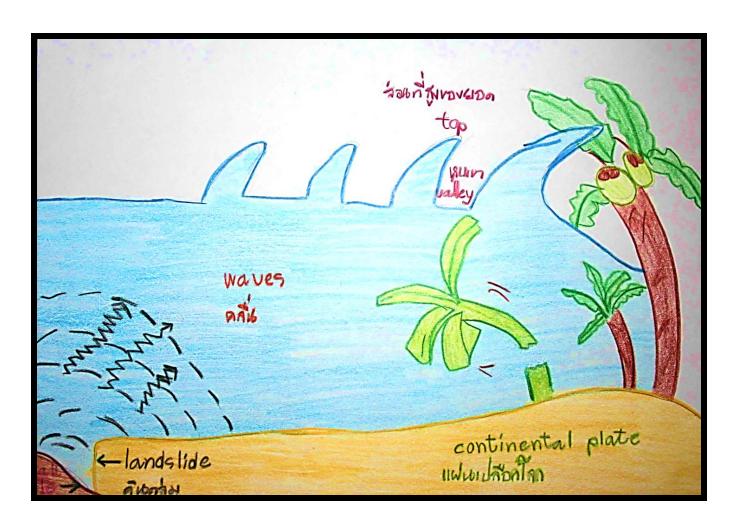
Tsunamis begin when huge amounts of ocean or sea water are displaced,

usually by earthquakes, volcanic eruptions, or landslides.





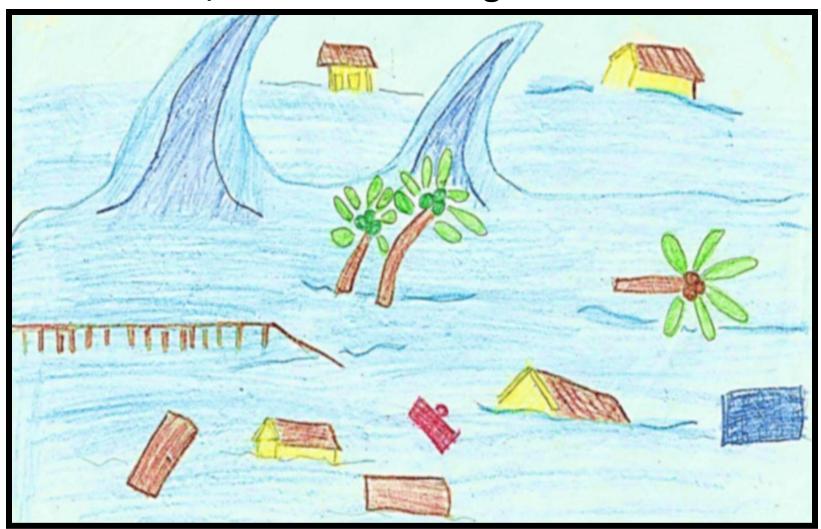
Most tsunamis are not a single wave, but a series of waves called a "wave train."

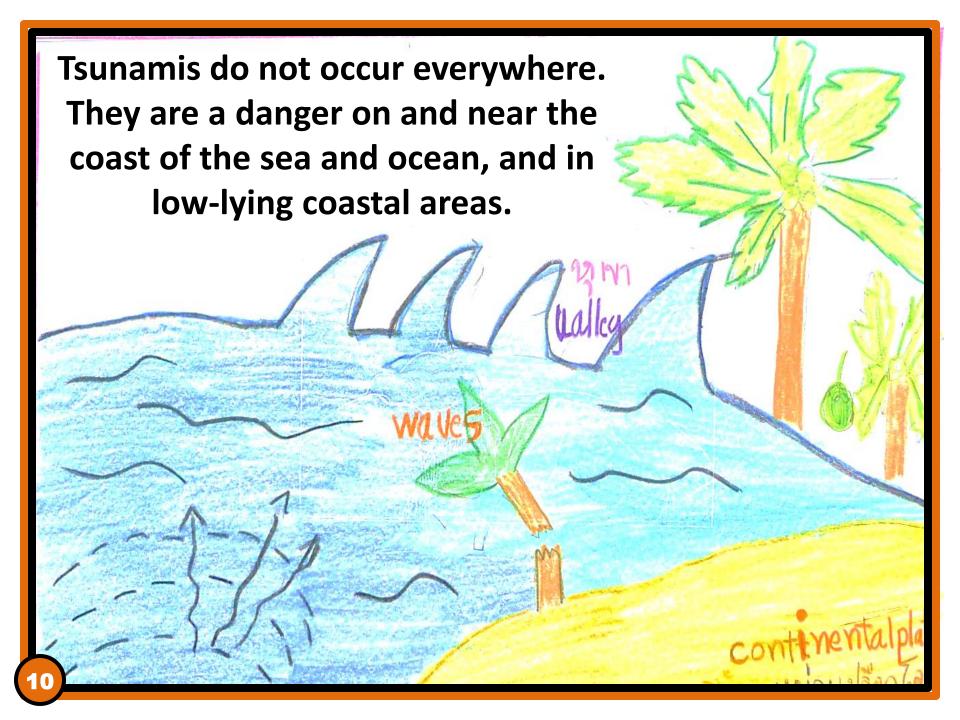




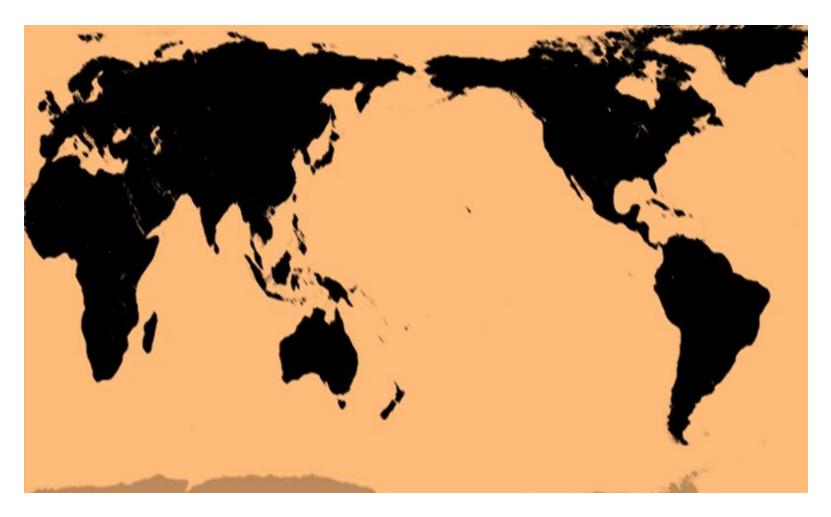
Tsunamis bring so much water to shore that they can flood many miles of land that is usually dry.

They can travel many miles inland, carrying cars, boats, trees, and even buildings with them.



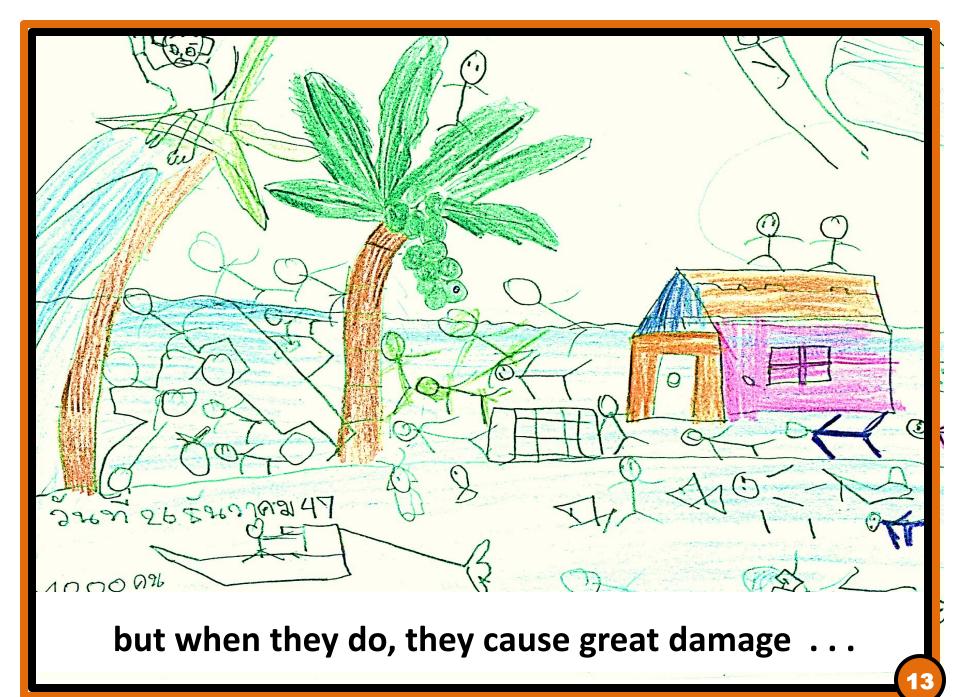


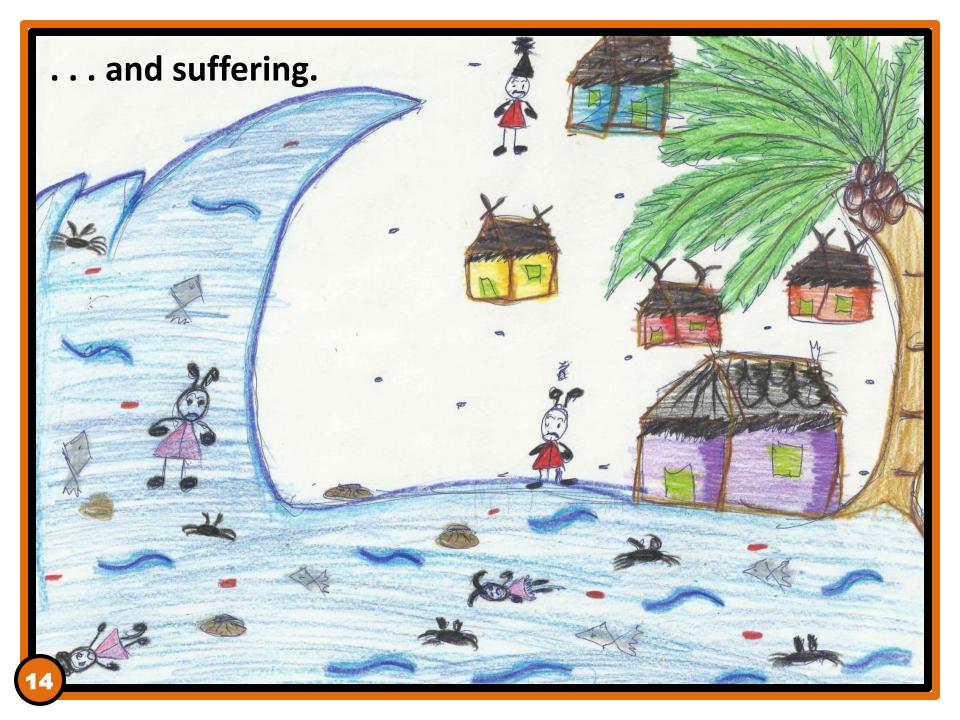
80% of tsunamis are in the Pacific Ocean,

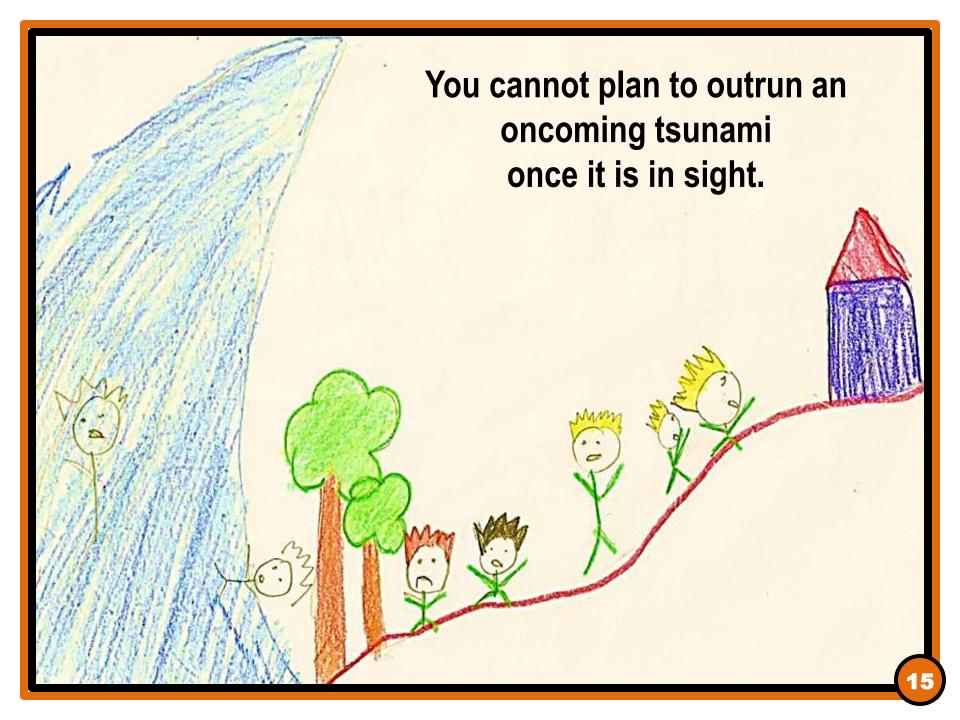


but they can occur in any ocean or body of water.

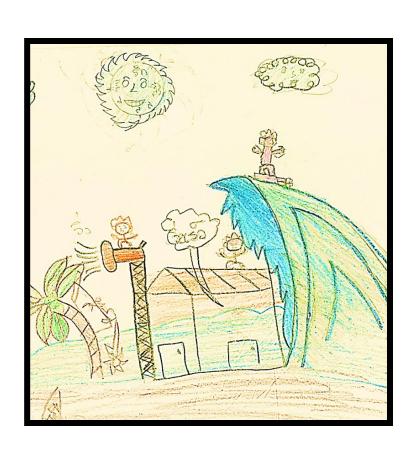








You cannot plan to surf over, duck under . . .



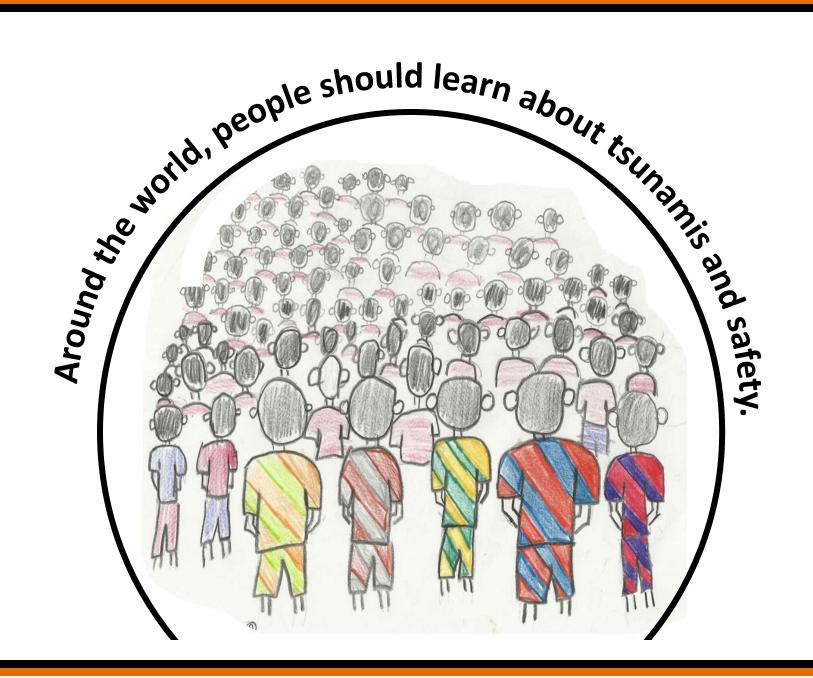


or swim through a tsunami.



Many people don't know what to do if a tsunami is coming.

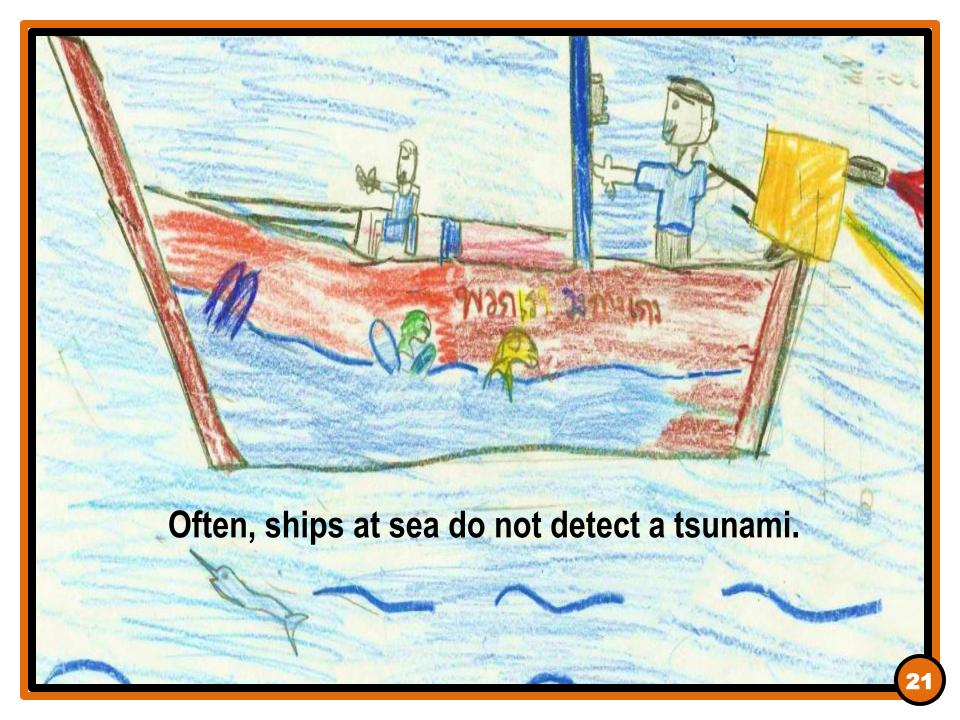




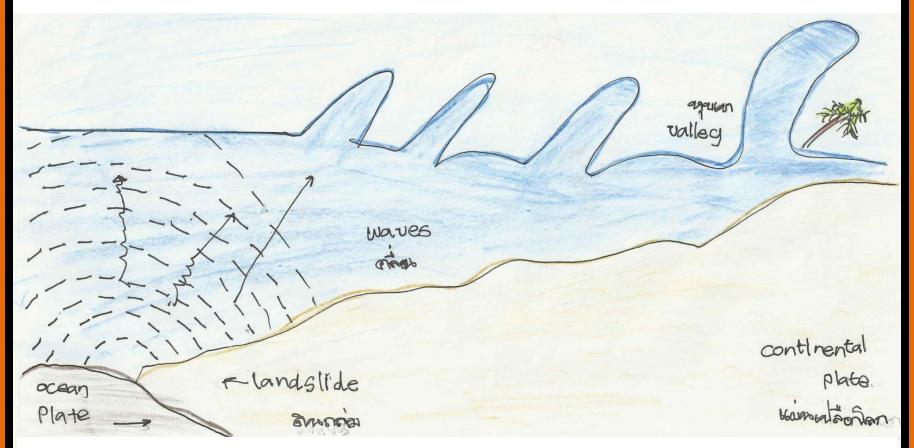
TSUNAMIS AT SEA

Tsunamis travel underwater at very fast speeds:
 500 to 600 miles per hour.

 Far at sea, a tsunami can be only a few inches to one foot high, and the crests of each wave may be up to 100 miles apart.



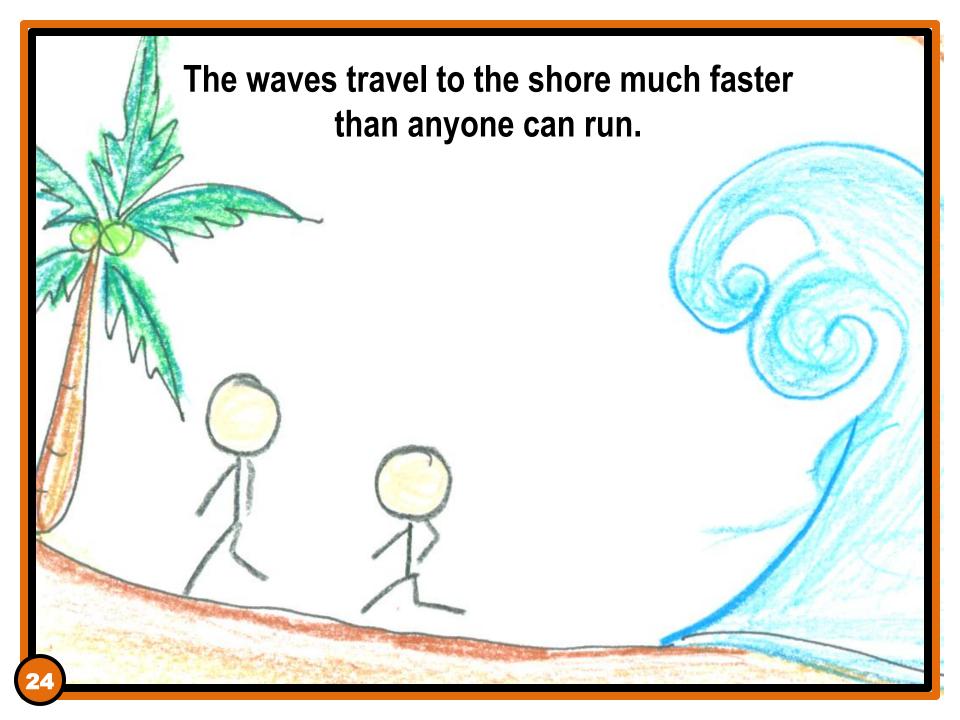
WHEN TSUNAMIS REACH LAND

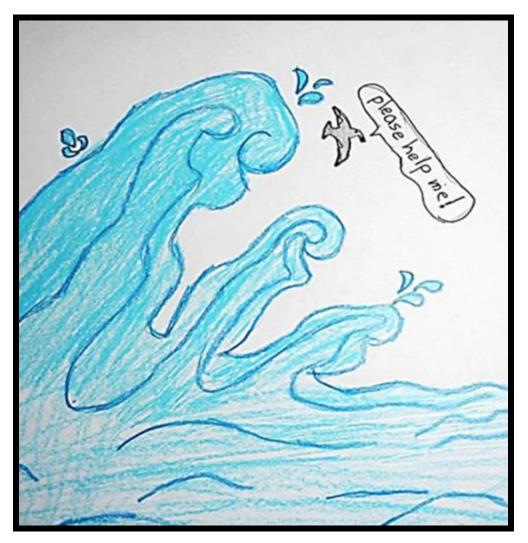


Tsunamis become very destructive as they approach land. The waves slow down and build in height.



A tsunami wave train that is approaching the shore is louder than a train or airplane.





Sometimes, the 1st
wave of a wave train
is smaller,
and the 2nd, 3rd, and
4th waves are

MUCH BIGGER.

train may be
minutes
to an hour apart in reaching the shore.



HOW TSUNAMIS REACH LAND

Tsunamis usually reach land in one of two ways:

- 1. Sometimes the **TROUGH** or "valley" of the wave arrives first, or
- 2. Sometimes the **PEAK** or "top" of the wave arrives first.

If the TROUGH of the wave arrives first . . .

there is what appears to be a large receding tide. The water draws back to the sea farther than it usually does on low tides, and a large area of new beach is exposed.

The receding water is called **DRAWBACK**. It will be followed by a tsunami.

Sometimes,
even before the DRAWBACK,
energy from an oncoming tsunami
can be seen in frothy, swirling water
at the edge of sea.

It almost looks like the water is sizzling or boiling.

If the **PEAK** of the wave arrives first...

the water rises, with powerful swirling and turbulence.

Then the water recedes, and the powerful tsunami wave train arrives.

HOW TO STAY SAFE IF A TSUNAMI IS COMING

There are many things you can do to be safe.



First, you can learn how to recognize the WARNING SIGNS that a tsunami is coming.

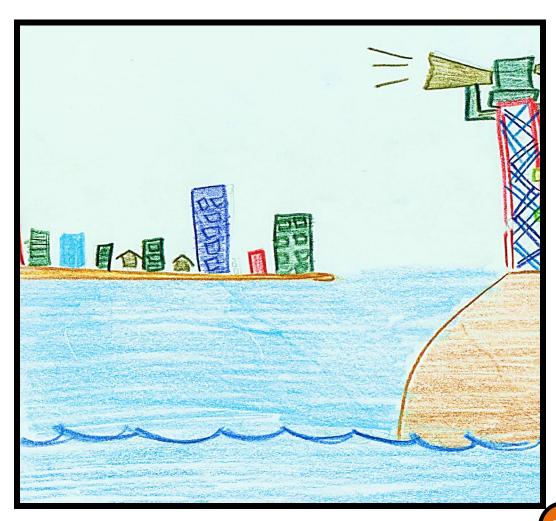
TSUNAMI WARNING SIGNS

If you feel an earthquake when you are near the coast, expect a tsunami. Evacuate to a high, safe place.



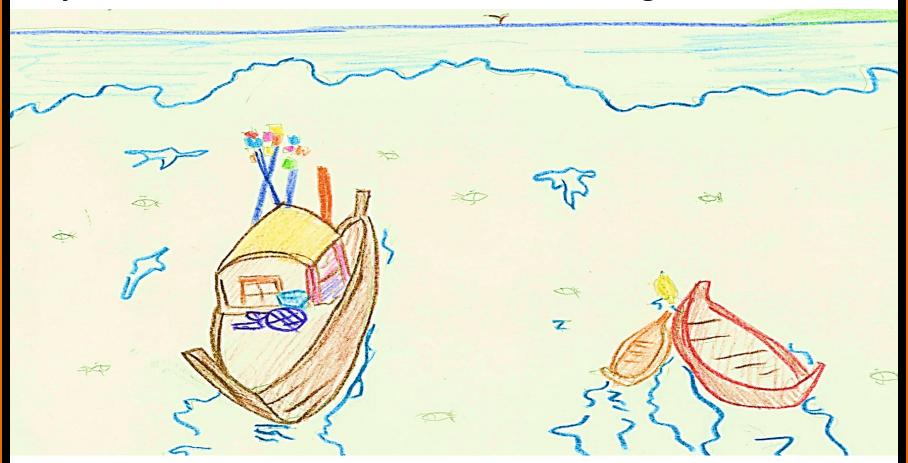
TSUNAMI WARNING SIGNS

If you hear the sound of tsunami warning sirens or horns, evacuate to a high, safe place.



TSUNAMI WARNING SIGNS

If you see the water recede farther than it goes at low tide,



. . . evacuate to a high, safe place immediately.

TSUNAMI WARNING SIGNS

If you see that the water at the edge of the sea has started to rise, froth, bubble, or become turbulent, evacuate to a high, safe place immediately.



HOW TO STAY SAFE IF A TSUNAMI IS COMING

Here is something else you can do:



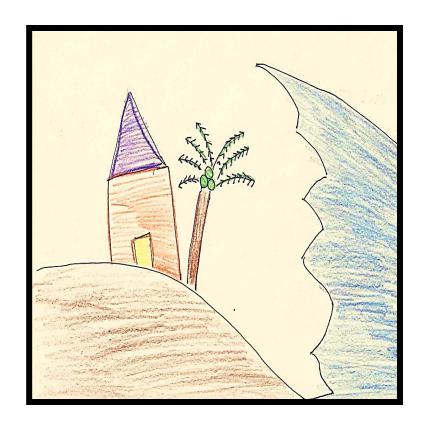
You can learn about evacuation to high, safe places.

This is called **VERTICAL EVACUATION**.

VERTICAL EVACUATION

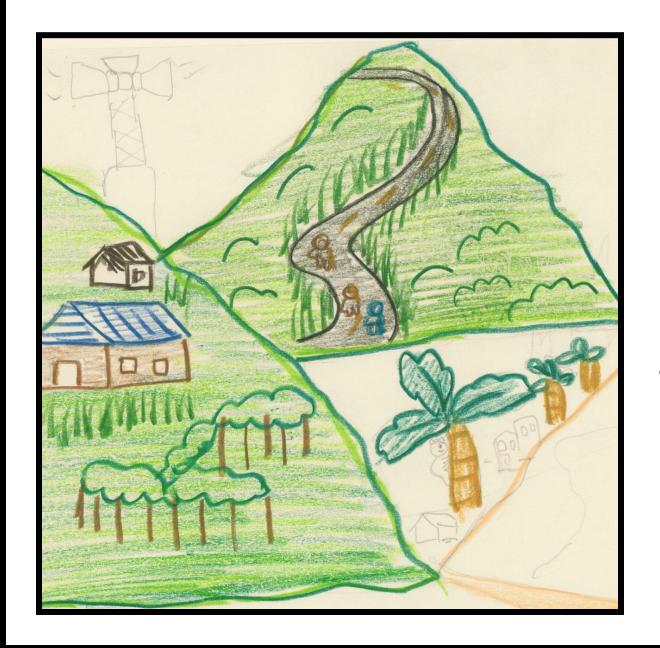
The key
to
surviving
a tsunami
is getting
to a high,
safe place.



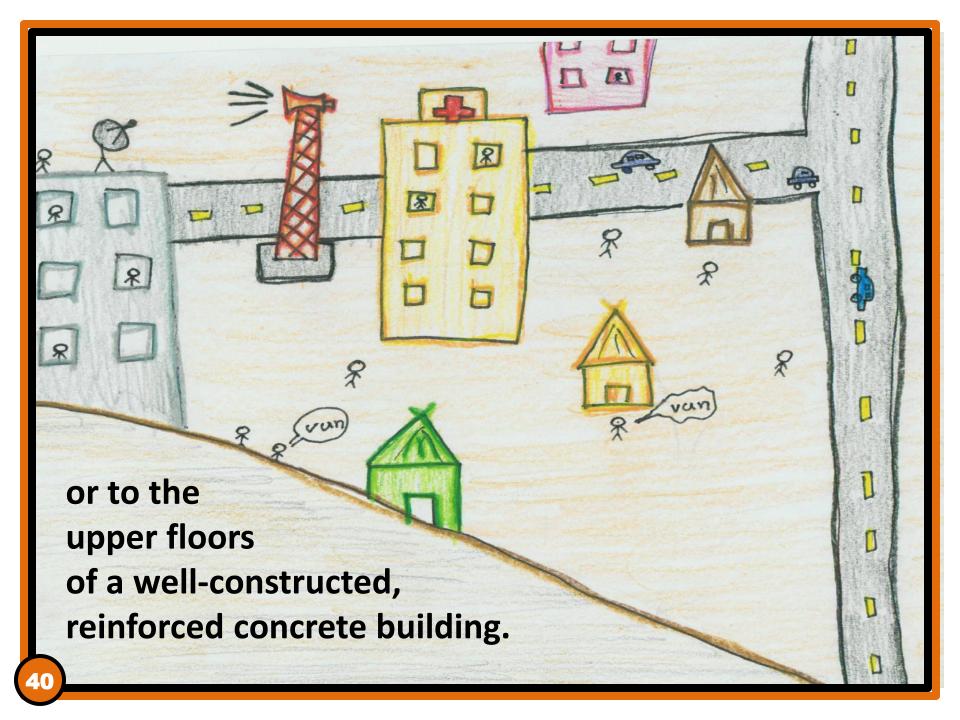




The roof of a cabin or house, or a big tree is not high enough or strong enough for protection during a tsunami.



To be safe, go to high land far above the level of the beach,



This is called

VERTICAL EVACUATION

because you are high and safe from the waves and floodwaters.

HOW TO STAY SAFE IF A TSUNAMI IS COMING

Here is something else you can do:



You can learn the safest things to do if a tsunami is coming.

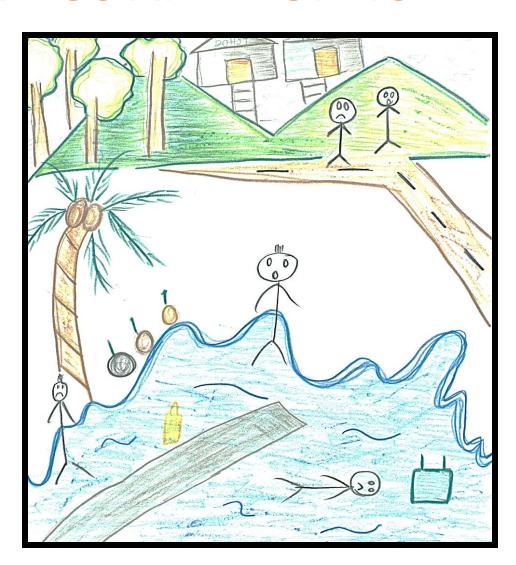


There is very little time to get to safety if a tsunami is coming. Evacuate vertically.

If you are near the coast and feel an earthquake, don't wait for any other sign. Tell your family and friends and get to a high, safe location immediately.

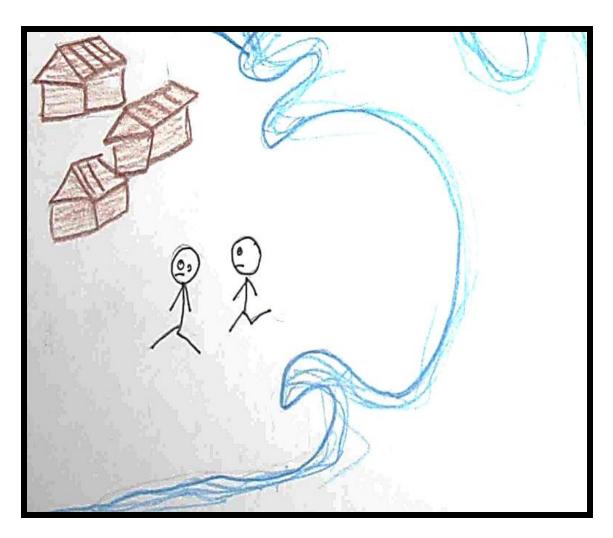


Move as quickly as you can and warn others along the way, but do not stop or slow down.



Never walk out into the **DRAWBACK** ZONE, even if there is no wave in sight.



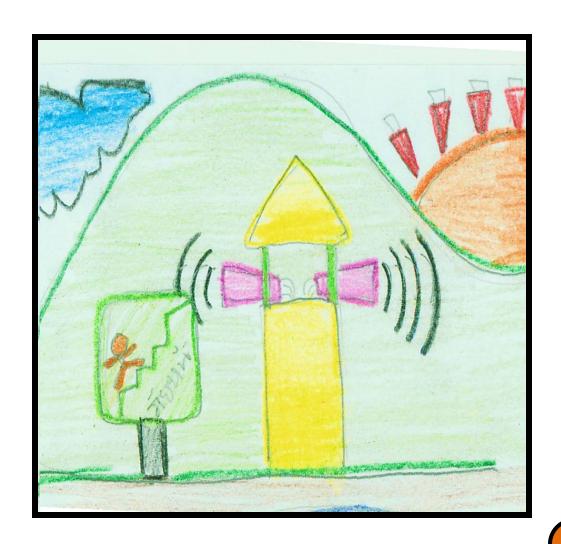


Even if the tsunami looks small, evacuate as quickly as you can. Tsunami waves get much bigger very quickly as they approach the shore.

Don't stop to pick up your toys or books, or to look for pets. **Evacuate** immediately. Don't return for any reason.



Don't leave your safe location until you have an "all clear" sign. It may take six or more hours for all of the waves to arrive.



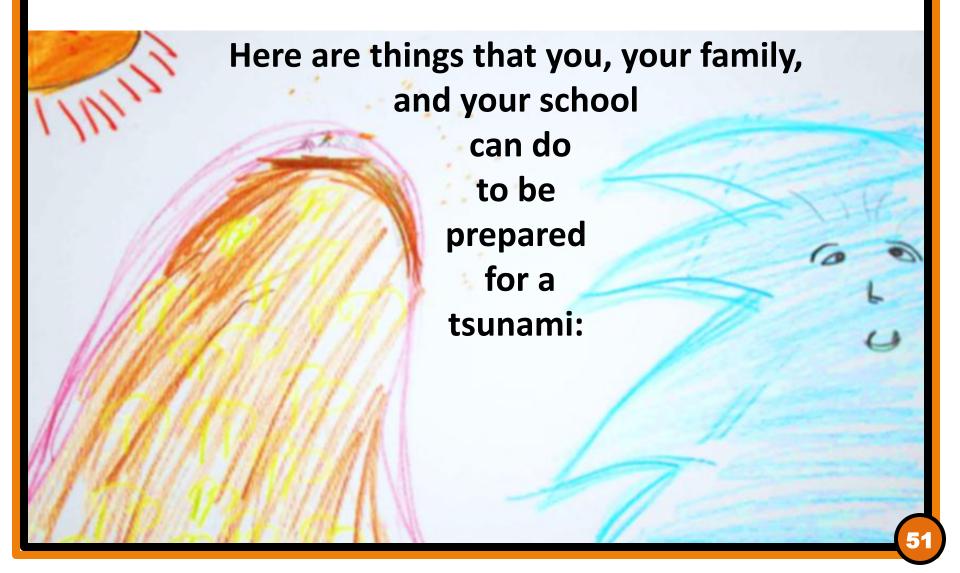
HOW TO STAY SAFE IF A TSUNAMI IS COMING

Here is something else you can do:



You, your friends, your family, and your school can be PREPARED.

PREPARATION: THE BEST PROTECTION



Learn which buildings are strong and high enough to provide safety.



Know where the highest land is, and how to get there.



Learn
where
flood
zones
and
evacuation
routes
are.



Pay attention to signs that warn about tsunami dangers . . .

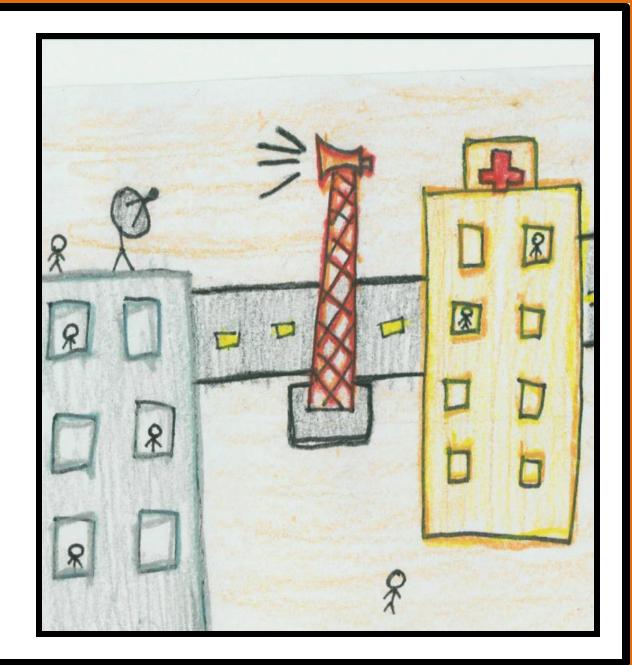


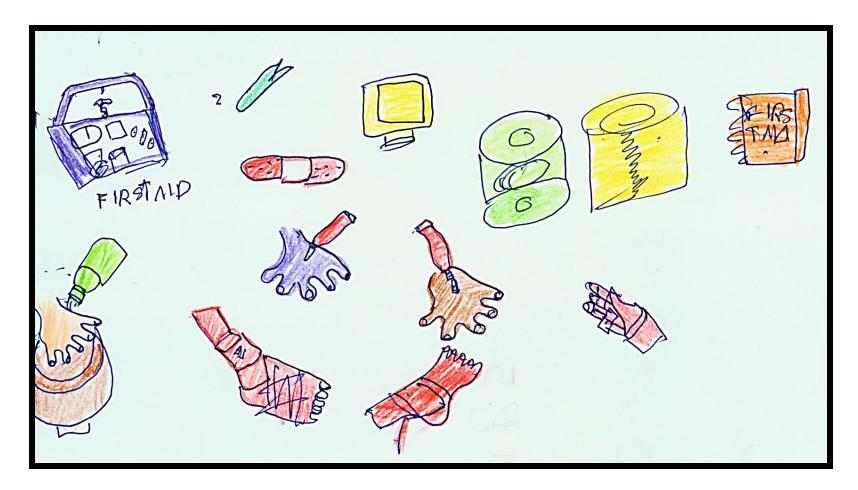


... and teach about tsunami evacuation routes.

tsunami
warning
systems,
if there is one
in your area.

Recognize
"warning"
and
"all clear"
sounds.





Prepare an emergency kit that includes enough food, water, medication, first aid, and other essential supplies (wind-up radio, flashlight) to last at least 3 days.

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Decide on a location where you will meet your family after a disaster.



Learn about disaster preparedness in school, and teach your family and friends what you have learned.

We wrote this book because we wanted to share what we know with you.



This book is dedicated to those whose unconditional love, during natural disasters and in the months and years later, moves mountains

and brings life back.







Petra Nemcova

This project was made possible through the creative gifts and dedication of many people:

- **♥** Students from Chao Thai Mai and Wat Pattikaram Schools who contributed their lovely artwork and thoughtful words.
- **♥** Teachers and professional staff from Chao Thai Mai and Wat Pattikaram Schools and from Happy Hearts Fund who organized and supported the project from start to finish.
- **♥** Volunteer translators who have brought the richness of this work to children around the world.

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